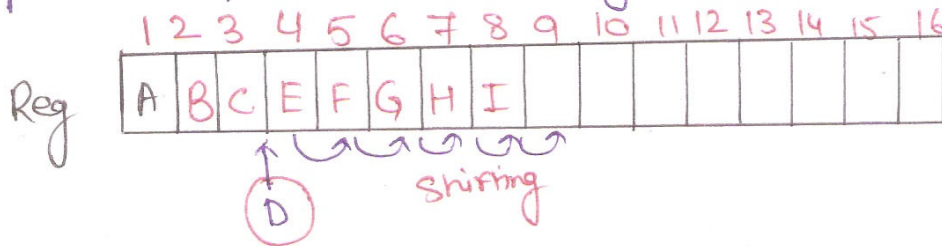


Insertion in An Array and its Algorithm

- Insertion is the operation in which a new value is added at a particular place in an array.



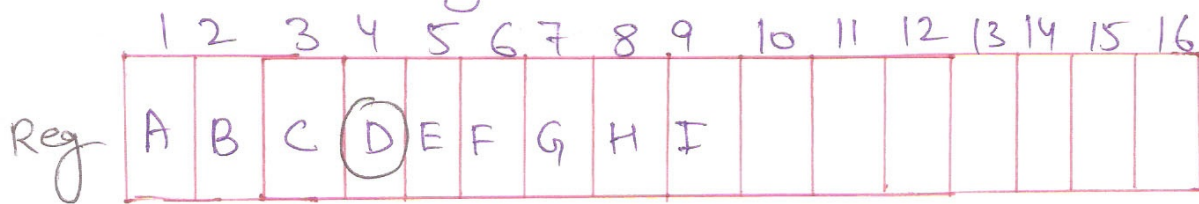
- In this element D is to be inserted at place 4th.
- All the elements after D has to be shifted.

$$\text{Reg}[9] = \text{Reg}[8]$$

$$\text{Reg}[8] = \text{Reg}[7]$$

$$\vdots$$
$$\text{Reg}[5] = \text{Reg}[4]$$

$$\text{Reg}[4] = \text{Reg}'D'$$



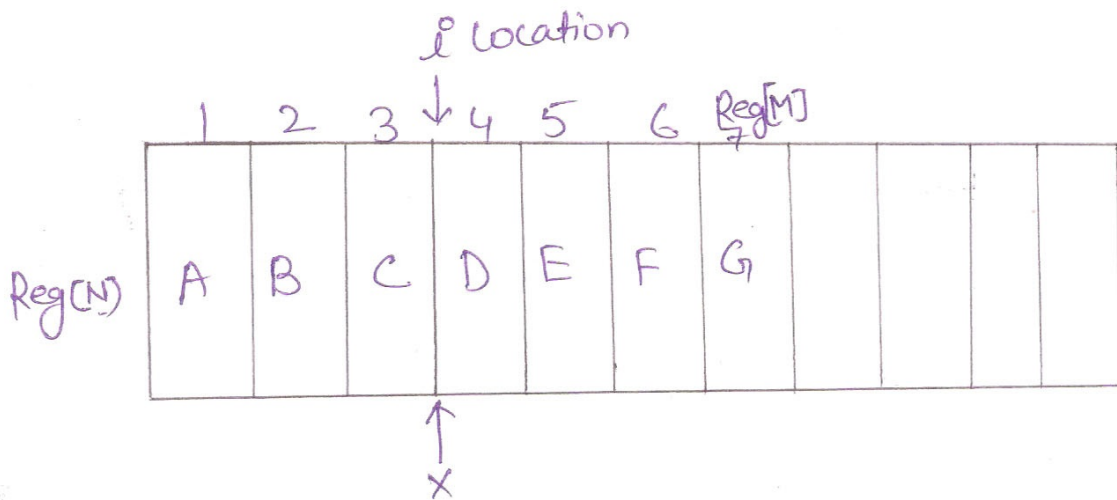
D is inserted and elements after Reg[4] are shifted to one place.

Algorithm:- Array Reg[N] with last element at Mth position
Value X is to be inserted at ith location

- Steps: 1. if (M < N) then BACK = M + 1 else STOP
- 2. while (BACK > i) repeat steps 3 to 4
- 3. REG[BACK] = REG[BACK - 1]
- 4. BACK = BACK - 1;
- 5. REG[BACK] = 'X'
- 6. M = M + 1
- 7. END.

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Let Reg[10] an array with holding capacity of 10 elements but it has only 7 elements in it.

So $N = 10$, $M = 7$, $i = 4$

Step1 if ($M < N$) then Back = $M + 1$ else stop
 $7 < 10$ true Back = $7 + 1$

Step2 (while (Back > i) repeat 3 to 4

Shifting || Step3. $Reg[8] = Reg[8-1] \Rightarrow Reg[8] = 'G'$

Step 4 Back = $8 - 1 \Rightarrow 7$

When Back = 4 then

Back > i $\Rightarrow 4 > 4$ false

then it goes to Step 5.

Reg[4] = 'x'

Step 6 $M = M + 1$ (After insertion the Last element in Reg is at (M+1)th location)

Step 7 END